(f) what are the reasons that the Government had adopted different parameters for identification of drugs and what is the policy in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI MOTI LAL VORA): (a) and (b) Antibiotics used for treatment of STD are Tetracycline Erythromycin, Ampicillin, Pencillin and Streptromycin.

The other drugs required for treatment of STD are different Sulpha drugs.

(c) Antibiotics are used for a variety of bacterial infections.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) Tetracycline Hcl and Hydrocortisone are principal drugs for the control of blindness, Paracetamol is principally an anti-pyretic drug to control high temperature normally associated with Malaria Antibiotics are used for anti-bacterial conditions other than STD also.

(f) Principal drugs used for the National Health Programmes have been recommended for inclusion in the Category I of the Drugs Prices Control Order.

Transfer of the medico-legal cases from AIIMS to Safdarjang Hospital

1859. PROF. SOURENDRA BHATTACHARJEE: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that most of the medico legal cases falling under the jurisdiction of AIIMS are referred to by the institute to the Safdarjang Hospital on the pretext of shortage of beds; and

(b) if so, what check is exercised since such *ad hoc* transfers from one hospital to another deprive the patients of the prompt medical aid?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI MOTI LAL VORA): (a) and (b) All the medico legal cases falling under the jurisdiction of AIIMS are brought to AIIMS casualty and are promptly attended by the doctors and admitted as far as possible. Any patient in precarious condition is invariably admitted. However, when no bed is available, the attendants of the patients are advised to take the patients to another hospital for further treatment and hospitalisation. Only such patients are referred who are medically fit to travel after stabilisation and resuscitative treatment has been given to them.

Additional Remuneration for Performing Post-mortem

1860. PROF. SOURENDRA BHATTACHARJEE: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Doctors and other para-medical staff involved in post-mortem are given additional remuneration for post-mortem in States like Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Goa, etc.; and

(b) if so, the reasons for non-payment of the same benefits to the similar staff in Delhi hospitals?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE AND THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI MOTI LAL VORA): (a) and (b) Health is a State subject. The doctors employed by the State Government are governed by the terms and conditions of service of the respective State.